## Amendments to the claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of the claims in this application.

Listing of claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of inducing production of isoflavones in a plant comprising:

applying to the surface of at least part of a plant, which plant is capable of producing an isoflavone, a biologically effective amount of a composition comprising a nuclear receptor ligand, wherein said nuclear receptor ligand is a peroxisome proliferator having structure V below;

V

Wherein wherein R10 is an aromatic ring or rings, or a substituted aromatic ring or rings,

R11 is an O or S,

R12 is a branched or linear aliphatic chain comprising 1–8 carbons from 1 to 8 carbon atoms, and R13 is a hydrogen or an aliphatic chain comprising from 1 to 5 carbon atoms.

- 2-9. (Withdrawn)
- 10. (Canceled)

- 11. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the peroxisome proliferator is selected chosen from the group consisting of clofibric acid, ciprofibrate, and 2-(o-chlorophenoxy)-2-methylpropionic acid (CPMPA).
- 12. (Currently Amended) A method of inducing disease resistance in a plant comprising applying to the surface of at least part of a plant, which plant is capable of producing an isoflavone, a biologically effective amount of a composition comprising:
- a) a nuclear receptor ligand, wherein said nuclear receptor ligand is a peroxisome proliferator having structure V below,

V

Wherein wherein R10 is an aromatic ring or rings, or a substituted aromatic ring or rings, R11 is an O or S,

R12 is a branched or linear aliphatic chain comprising 1–8 carbons from 1 to 8 carbon atoms,

R13 is a hydrogen or an aliphatic chain comprising from 1 to 5 carbon atoms; and

b) one or more compounds that <u>i)</u> enhance the release of isoflavones from a sugar eonjugate conjugates, <u>ii)</u> enhance the incorporation of aglycones into glyceollin, or <u>iii)</u> enhance the release of isoflavones from a sugar eonjugate conjugates and incorporation of aglycones into glyceollin.

## 13. (Withdrawn)

Appl. Ser. No. 09/781,695; Examiner Pryor, A.L.; Art Unit 1616

Response

Response to Office Action Dated August 26, 2003

14. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12, wherein the enhancing compound is a copper salt or a fragment of the naturally occurring occurring cell wall glucan from the pathogen Phytophthora sojae.

- 15. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the composition further comprises one or more compounds selected chosen from the group consisting of a phytologically acceptable diluent or adjuvant diluents and adjuvants.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the composition further comprises one or more active chemicals selected chosen from the group consisting of a herbicide herbicides, an insecticide insecticides, a fungicide fungicides, and a bacteriocide bacteriocides.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the composition is applied to the plant stem, the plant root, the plant leaf, or combinations thereof.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the composition is applied to a seed or a seedling.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the composition is applied to a legume selected chosen from the group consisting of alfalfa, lima bean, pinto bean, chickpea, peanuts, and soybean.
  - 20. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 19, wherein the legume is soybean.
- 21. (Currently Amended) A composition for inducing disease resistance in a plant or seed, comprising:
- (a) one or more nuclear receptor ligands, wherein said nuclear receptor ligands are peroxisome proliferators having structure V below;



Wherein wherein R10 is an aromatic ring or rings, or a substituted aromatic ring or rings, R11 is an O or S,

R12 is a branched or linear aliphatic chain comprising 1–8 carbons from 1 to 8 carbon atoms,

R13 is a hydrogen or an aliphatic chain comprising from 1 to 5 carbon atoms; and

(b) one or more enhancing compounds which that i) enhance the release of isoflavones from a sugar conjugates in the plant or seed, ii) enhance incorporation of aglycones in the plant or seed into glyceollin, or iii) enhance release of isoflavones from a sugar conjugate conjugates in the plant or seed and incorporation of aglycones in the plant or seed into glyceollin.

## 22. (Withdrawn)

23. (Currently Amended) The composition of claim 21, wherein the enhancing compound is a copper salt or a fragment of the naturally occurring cell wall glucan from the pathogen Phytophthora sojae.

## 24-43. (Withdrawn)